

Non-profits, Arts, Culture and History

A. This section should be initially completed by an individual or group of individuals designated by the information technology committee to be the section leader(s).

Non-profits, arts, culture, and history factors to assess:	yes	no	future actions
Do most local non-profits have Web sites?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Do most local non-profits use e-mail to communicate with community members?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Do local service organizations donate time to improve information technology in the schools, libraries, or community center?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Do local service organizations renovate used computers for social service organizations or disadvantaged families?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Is information available on the Internet or on a local network on the following components of the community:			
▪ Visual arts (galleries and exhibits, organizations, arts classes and instruction)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
▪ Music (organizations, performance, classes and instruction)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
▪ Theater (organizations, performances, training and instruction)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
▪ Local events and festivals?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
▪ Local artists?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

B. This section should be initially completed by an individual or group of individuals designated by the information technology committee to be the section leader(s).

On a scale of 1 to 4, evaluate the e-readiness of non-profits, arts, culture, and history organizations:¹

- 1 25% of non-profits and community-based organizations have informational Web sites and use e-mail.
- 2 50% of non-profits and community-based organizations have informational Web sites and use e-mail.
- 3 75% of non-profits and community-based organizations have informational Web site sand use e-mail. A unified portal provides access to a broad range of community information and services.
- 4 Community-based organizations and non-profits are actively using information technology to engage people in the community and make their services available.

What are our strengths in the area of non-profit and community-based e-readiness?

What resources and assets are available in the community to address the e-readiness of community-based and non-profits? What resources and assets are available regionally or in the state?

Techsoup has resources for non-profits (www.techsoup.org). Other resources may include the Nebraska Arts Council (<http://www.nebraskaartscouncil.org/>), the Nebraska Humanities Council (www.lincolne.com/nonprofit/nhc) and the Nebraska State Historical Society (www.nebraskahistory.org/).

¹ These assessment factors have been adapted from the *CSPP Readiness Guide* (<http://www.cspp.org>).

What are some ways in which the e-readiness of community-based organizations and non-profits could be strengthened?

Does a more thorough assessment of this area need to be made? Yes No

C. These questions should be discussed and answered by the entire information technology committee or have community members provide input on these questions at a community forum.

In two to five years, how would you like your community to score in this area?²

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- 4 Community-based organizations and non-profits are actively using information technology to engage people in the community and make their services available.

How would you prioritize the e-readiness or community-based organizations and non-profits?

- 1 Low priority
- 2 Medium priority
- 3 High priority
- 4 Highest priority

² These assessment factors have been adapted from the *CSPP Readiness Guide* (<http://www.cspp.org>).